a specified date. A separate inspection is required.

- (5) Abatement methods. At a minimum, treatment of the defective areas and chewable lead-based paint surfaces shall consist of covering or removal of the painted surface as described in 24 CFR 35.24(b)(2)(ii).
- (6) Funding for inspection, testing and abatement. Program requirements and local program design will determine whether the cost of inspection, testing or abatement is to be borne by the owner/developer, the grantee or a combination of the owner/developer and the grantee.
- (7) Tenant protection. The owner/developer shall take appropriate action to protect tenants from hazards associated with abatement procedures. Where necessary, these actions may include the temporary relocation of tenants during the abatement process. The owner/developer shall notify the grantee of all such actions taken.
- (8) *Records*. The grantee shall keep a copy of each inspection and/or test report for at least three years.
- (9) Monitoring and enforcement. HUD field office monitoring of rehabilitation programs includes reviews for compliance with applicable program requirements for lead-based paint. The CPD Field Monitoring Handbook which currently includes instructions for monitoring lead-based paint requirements will be amended as appropriate. In cases of noncompliance, HUD may impose conditions or sanctions on grantees to encourage prompt compliance.
- (10) Compliance with other program requirements, Federal, State and local laws.
- (i) Other program requirements. To the extent that assistance from any of the programs covered by this section is used in conjunction with other HUD program assistance which have lead-based paint requirements which may have more or less stringent requirements, the more stringent requirements will prevail.
- (ii) HUD responsibility. If HUD determines that a State or local law, ordinance, code or regulation provides for lead-based paint testing or hazard abatement in a manner which provides a level of protection from the hazards of lead-based paint poisoning at least

comparable to that provided by the requirements of this section and that adherence to the requirements of this subpart would be duplicative or otherwise cause inefficiencies, HUD may modify or waive the requirements of this section in such manner as may be appropriate to promote efficiency while ensuring such comparable level of protection.

(iii) Grantee responsibility. Nothing in this section is intended to relieve any grantee in the programs covered by this section of any responsibility for compliance with State or local laws, ordinances, codes or regulations governing lead-based paint testing or hazard abatement.

(iv) Disposal of lead-based paint debris. Lead-based paint and defective paint debris shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable Federal, State or local requirements. (See e.g., 40 CFR parts 260 through 271.)

[53 FR 34456, Sept. 6, 1988; 53 FR 41330, Oct. 21, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 11481, Mar. 20, 1996]

## § 570.609 Use of debarred, suspended or ineligible contractors or subrecipients.

The requirements set forth in 24 CFR part 5 apply to this program.

[61 FR 5209, Feb. 9, 1996]

## § 570.610 Uniform administrative requirements and cost principles.

The recipient, its agencies or instrumentalities, and subrecipients shall comply with the policies, guidelines, and requirements of 24 CFR part 85 and OMB Circulars A-87, A-110 (implemented at 24 CFR part 84), A-122, A-133 (implemented at 24 CFR part 45), and A-1282 (implemented at 24 CFR part 44), as applicable, as they relate to the acceptance and use of Federal funds under this part. The applicable sections of 24 CFR parts 84 and 85 are set forth at §570.502.

[60 FR 56916, Nov. 9, 1995]

## § 570.611 Conflict of interest.

(a) *Applicability.* (1) In the procurement of supplies, equipment, construction, and services by recipients and by subrecipients, the conflict of interest

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See footnote 1 at §570.200(a)(5).